



Code of Conduct Betting Integrity

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World Lacrosse

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## World Lacrosse

# Code of conduct on sports betting integrity for athletes, officials and event participants

## Introduction

This Code of Conduct sets out the guiding principles for all athletes and officials on the issues surrounding the integrity of sport and betting.

Guiding Principles:

1. Be Smart: know the rules
2. Be Safe: never bet on your sport
3. Be Careful: never share sensitive information
4. Be Clean: never fix an event
5. Be Open: tell someone if you are approached

### 1. Be Smart: know the rules

Find out the sports betting integrity rules of your international federation and your National Governing Body (NGB), Club and team competition and your country's laws before the start of each sporting season so that you are aware of the sport's most recent position regarding betting. Many sports and countries either have or are developing regulations on sports betting and you need to be aware of these – even if you don't bet. If you break the rules you risk severe punishments including a potential lifetime ban from the sport and even being subject to a criminal investigation.

### 2. Be Safe: never bet on the sport

Never bet on yourself, your opponent or the sport. If you, or anyone in your entourage (coach, partner, family members etc.), bet on yourself, your opponent or the sport you risk being severely sanctioned. It is best to play safe and never bet on any events within the sport including:

- never betting or gambling on your own matches or any competitions in the sport (including betting on yourself or your team to win, lose or draw as well as any of the different side-bets);
- never instructing, encouraging or facilitating any other party to bet on sports you are participating in;
- never ensuring the occurrence of a particular incident, which is the subject of a bet and for which you expect to receive or have received any reward;
- never giving or receiving any gift, payment or other benefit in circumstances that might reasonably be expected to bring you or the sport into disrepute.

### 3. Be Careful: never share sensitive information

As an athlete you will have access to information that is not available to the general public, such as knowing that your star player is injured or that the coach is putting out a weakened side. This is considered sensitive, privileged or inside information. This information could be sought by people who would then use that knowledge to secure an unfair advantage and to make a financial gain.

There is nothing wrong with you having sensitive information; it is what you do with it that matters. Most athletes know that they should not discuss important information with anyone outside of their parent body or coaching staff (with or without reward) where the athlete might reasonably be expected to know that its disclosure could be used in relation to betting.

### 4. Be Clean: never fix an event

Play fairly, honestly and never fix an event or part of an event. Whatever the reason, do not make any attempt to adversely influence the natural course of a sporting event or part of an event. Sporting

competitions must always be an honest test of skill and ability and the results must remain uncertain. Fixing an event, or part of an event goes against the rules and ethics of sport and when caught, you may receive a criminal prosecution and a lifetime ban from your sport.

Do not put yourself at risk by following these simple principles:

- Always perform to the best of your abilities.
- Never accept to fix a match. Say no immediately. Do not let yourself be manipulated - unscrupulous individuals might try to develop a relationship with you built on favors or fears that they will then try to exploit for their benefit in possibly fixing an event. This can include the offer of gifts, money and support.
- Avoid addictions or running up debts as this may be a trigger for unscrupulous individuals to target you to fix competitions. Get help before things get out of control.

### **5. Be Open: tell someone if you are approached**

If you hear something suspicious or if anyone approaches you to ask about fixing any part of a match then you should tell your player association, federation or someone you trust straight away. If someone offers you money or favors for sensitive information, then you should also tell your federation or player association. Any threats or suspicions of corrupt behavior should always be reported. The police and national laws are there to protect you. Your club, federation or player association will help.